The Developmental Disabilities System in Illinois



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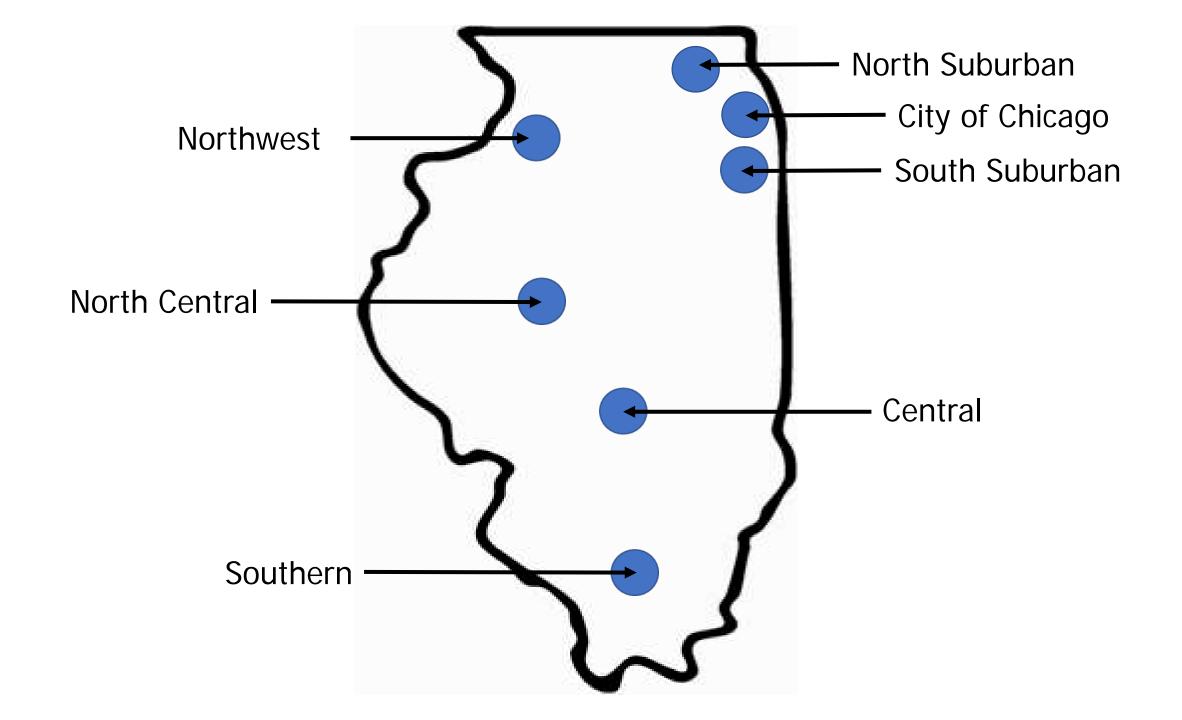




Division of Developmental Disabilities (DDD)

Division of Rehabilitation Services (DRS) Division of Mental Health (DMH) Division of Alcoholism and Substance Abuse (DASA) Division of Family and Community Services (DFCS)





Services Available Through the Division of Developmental Disabilities

Residential

- Community Integrated Living Arrangement (CILA) for adults over 18
- Children's Group Home

In-Home

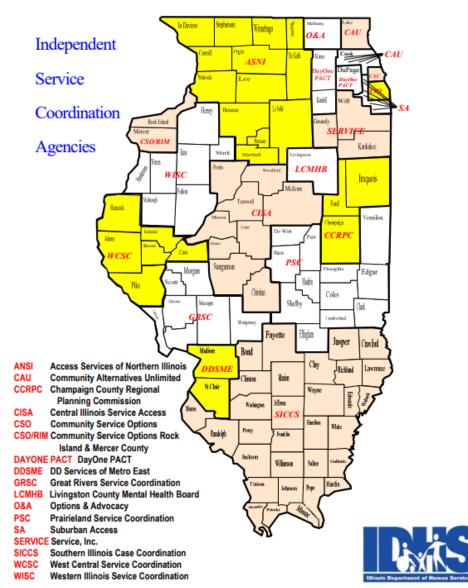
 Home-Based Services (HBS) Program for children and adults



Independent Service Coordination (ISC) Agencies - 1

 Responsible for intake of individuals seeking services from the Division of Developmental Disabilities

 Oversee delivery of services once an individual obtains Division of Developmental Disabilities funding



Independent Service Coordination (ISC) Agencies - 2

To get the name, address and phone number of the ISC agency serving your area:

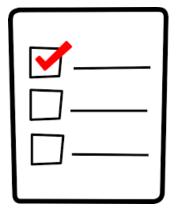


1-888-DDPLANS and enter your zip code



How To Get Services - 1

- Register in PUNS (Prioritization of Urgency of Need for Services) through the ISC (Independent Service Coordination) agency
- 2. DDD selects names from PUNS list as money is available
- 3. People are notified if their names are selected





How To Get Services - 2

- 4. ISC screens to make sure people are eligible for services
- 5. ISC helps identify service providers and completes an application
- 6. Application is sent to DDD's Rates Unit

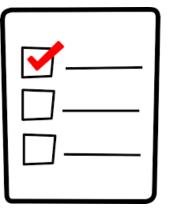




How to Get Services if in Crisis

Crisis means an individual is at imminent risk of abuse, neglect or homelessness. The ISC may request immediate funding by

- 1. Making sure person is eligible for service(s)
- 2. Assisting the person in finding a provider
- 3. Submitting a request to DDD for crisis funding



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Eligibility for Services

To qualify for services from the Division of Developmental Disabilities, an individual must:

- Be eligible for the federal Medicaid program
- Have a developmental disability

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A Developmental Disability Is...

An Intellectual Disability (formerly known as Mental Retardation)

- Evaluation by a licensed clinical psychologist
- An IQ (Intelligence Quotient) of 70 or below
- Happens before age 18
- Significant deficits in 3 of the 6 life areas

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Self-Care Language Learning
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Mobility Self-Direction

Capacity for Independent Living

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A Developmental Disability Can Also Be...

A "Related Condition" such as Cerebral Palsy, Epilepsy, Autism or other condition that results in difficulties in intellectual functioning or behavior

- Evaluation by a physician (or for a person with Autism, a psychiatrist)
- Happens before age 22
- Significant deficits in 3 of the 6 life areas

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Self-Care Language Learning
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Mobility Self-Direction

Capacity for Independent Living

Residential Services

Community Integrated Living Arrangement (CILA)

- 24-hour services
- Less than 24-hour services





Residential Services – 24 Hour Services

24-hour Shift Staff CILA

Host Family CILA
 Traditional Host Family
 Shared Living Host Family



Residential Services – Less Than 24-Hour Services

Intermittent CILA

Family CILA





People Living in CILAs Have Day Services

Community Day Services (formerly called Developmental Training)

Supported Employment







Other Residential Services

- Community Living Facility
- Children's Group Homes
- State Operated Developmental Centers
- Residential Respite





In Home Services

Home-Based Services

• In-Home Respite

In Home Services – Home-Based Services - 1

Allows individuals living with family (or independently if an adult) to obtain services

- Allows for choices in services
- Adults have \$2,313/month for services
- Children and young adults in Special Education have \$1,542/month for services

In Home Services – Home-Based Services - 2

To use Home-Based Services:

- Families may contract with provider agency for Community Day Services and/or personal support OR
- Families may hire someone from the community such as a neighbor or a friend OR
- Parents of adults may provide personal support services

Individuals may also apply for payment for adaptive equipment and home and vehicle modification totaling \$15,000 over a five-year period



In Home Services – In-Home Respite

- A worker comes to the home to provide respite or rest to the family
- Families usually have 15 hours of respite services per month
- ISCs have a list of agencies that provide respite services



- Class action lawsuit filed in 2005
- Filed on behalf of Stanley Ligas and other people living in ICF/DDs who wanted to move to CILAs



In 2011, Illinois settled the lawsuit through a consent decree that guaranteed over 6 years that

- All people living in ICF/DDs who wanted to move out into CILA or Home Based Services could move
- Illinois would provide CILA or Home Based Services to 3,000 adults living at home



As a result of the Ligas Consent Decree several thousand adults have been selected from PUNS database to receive services

- ½ were selected for CILA
- ½ were selected for Home Based Services



People are chosen for CILA or Home Based Services based on how long they've been on the PUNS database.

The 6-year period ended June 2017; the Decree says selection from now on should be "at a reasonable pace."

June 2017 - End of the 6 year timeframe

August 2017 – Judge ruled that Illinois is out of compliance with the decree and orders Illinois to come up with a plan. Submission of plan is still pending.

2020 – Decree is scheduled to end but likely will be extended





Other Services

- Residential Placement
 - ICF/DDs
 - Licensed and regulated by the Illinois Department of Public Health (IDPH)
- Vocational Rehabilitation and Home Services programs
 - Services provided through Division of Rehabilitation Services (DRS)

Current Illinois DD Issues